

COMPUTER TOOLS IN VISUAL COMMUNICATION

Photoshop - Recap

Creating new document

New Document

Recent Saved Photo Print Art & Illustration Web Mobile Film & Video

YOUR RECENT ITEMS (14)

Clipboard
949 x 125 px @ 72 ppi

Custom
8,5 x 11 in @ 150 ppi

Custom
2,5 x 11 in @ 150 ppi

Custom
210 x 297 mm @ 72 ppi

Custom
728 x 90 px @ 72 ppi

Custom
521 x 602 px @ 72 ppi

Custom
696 x 795 px @ 72 ppi

Custom
297 x 210 mm @ 300 ppi

Custom
1495 x 889 px @ 72 ppi

Custom
15 x 30 cm @ 300 ppi

Custom
15 x 30 px @ 72 ppi

Custom
324 x 529 px @ 72 ppi

Find more templates on Adobe Stock

Go

PRESET DETAILS

Untitled-1

Width
949 Pixels

Height
125

Orientation Artboards

Resolution
72 Pixels/Inch

Color Mode
RGB Color 8 bit

Background Contents
White

Advanced Options

Color Profile
Don't Color Manage

Pixel Aspect Ratio
Square Pixels

Create Close

Document/canvas size and units

Resolution

Color mode

Image size

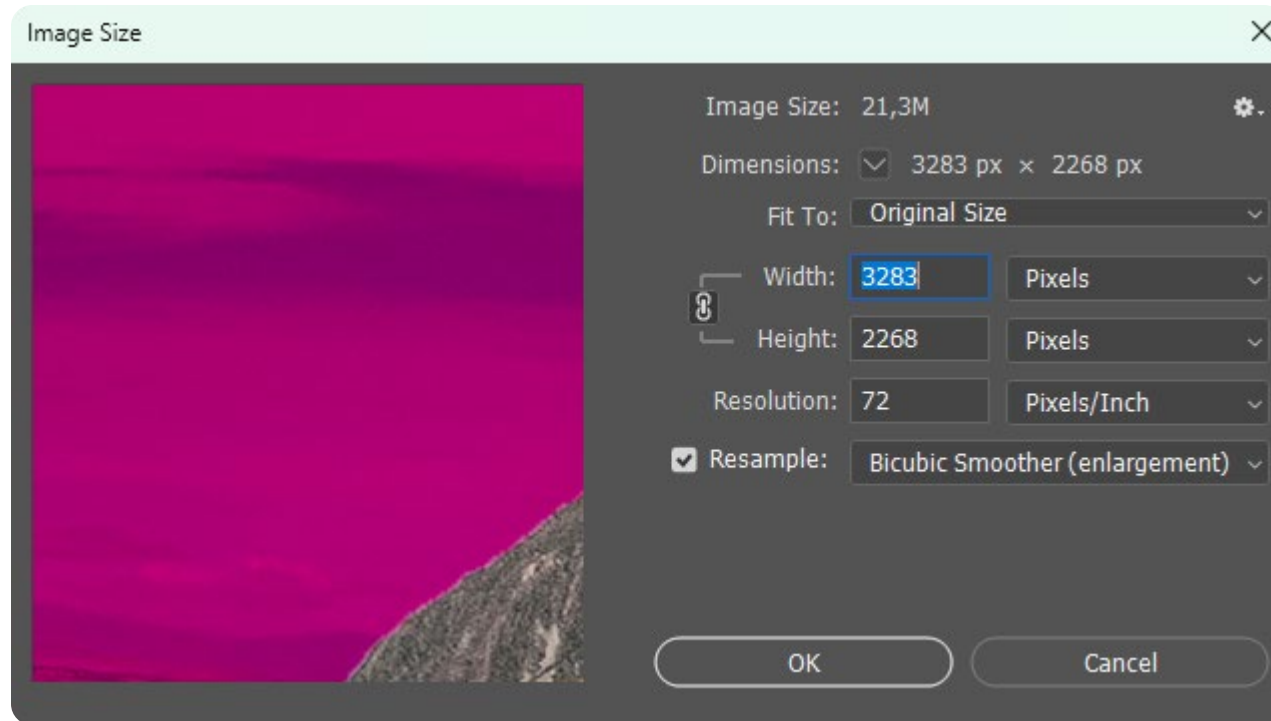
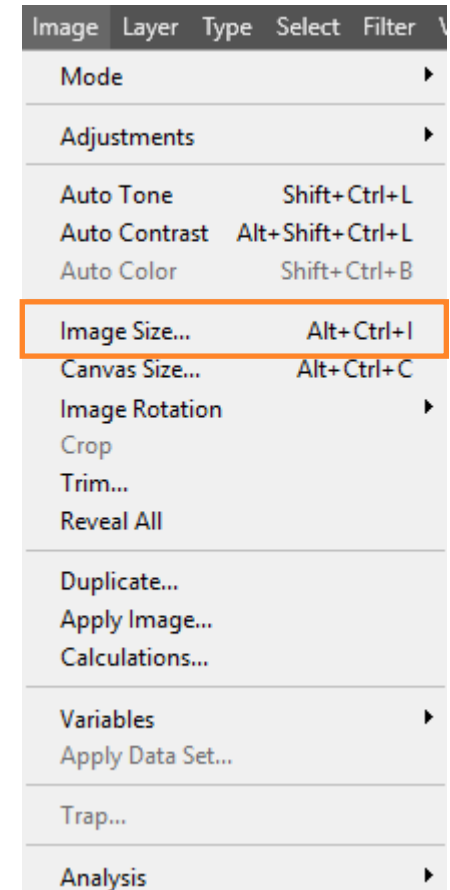
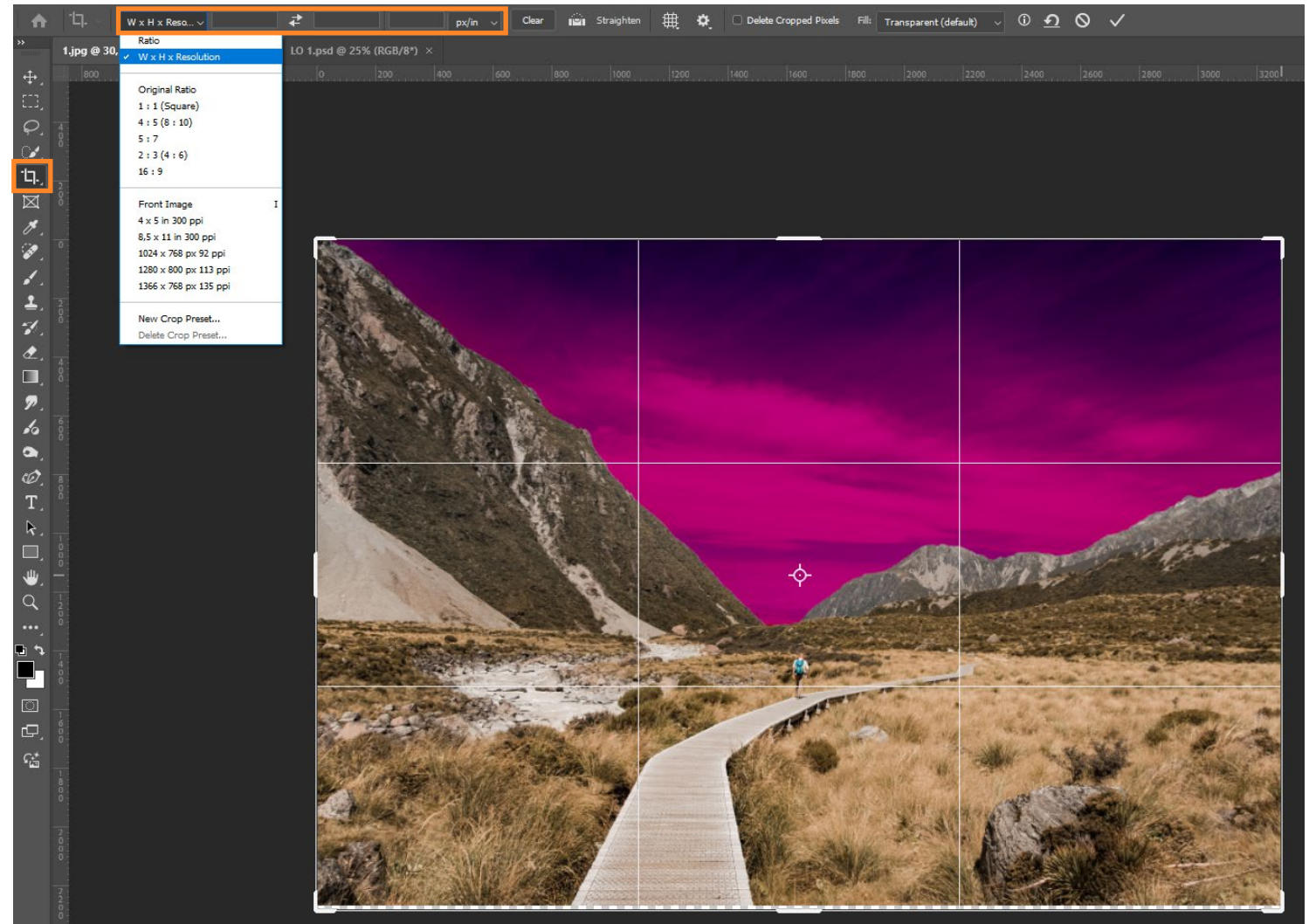


Image size and units

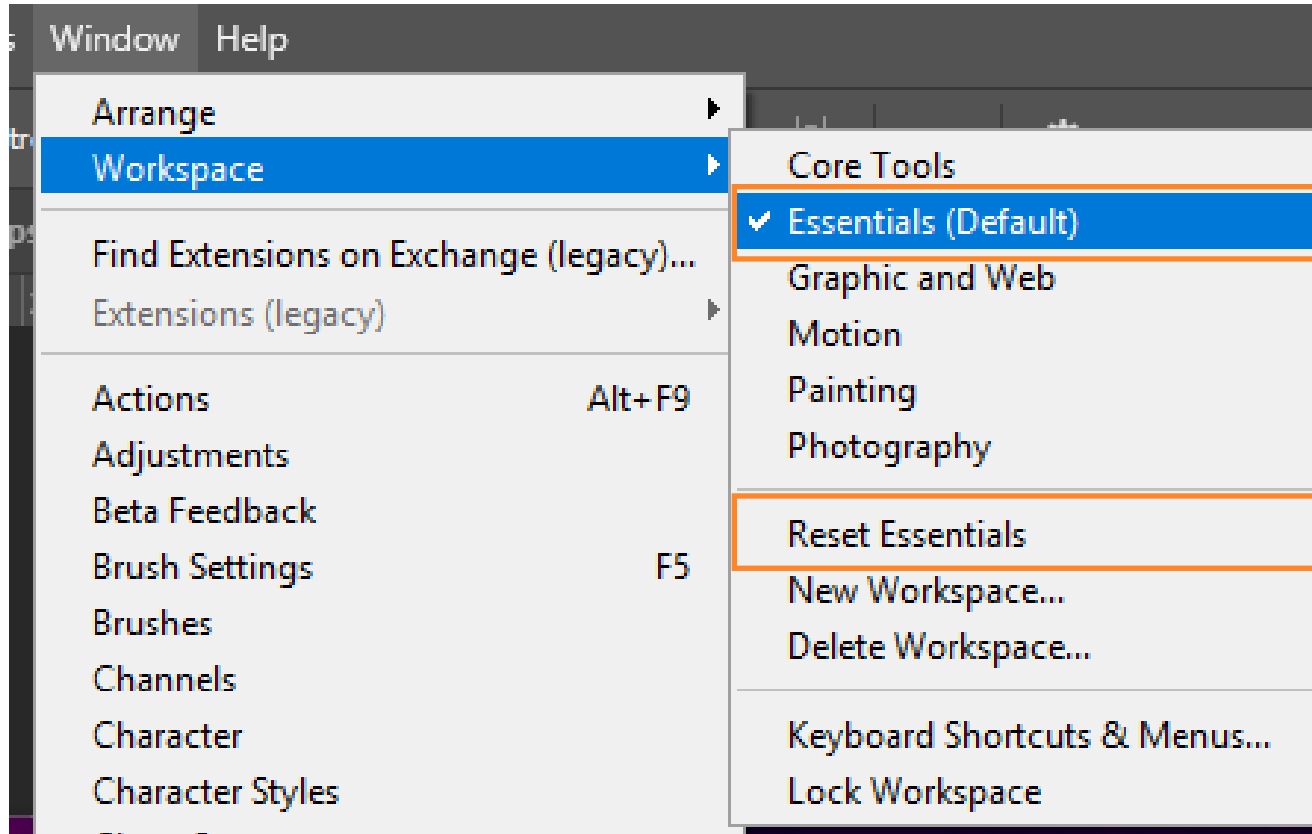
Resolution



Crop tool



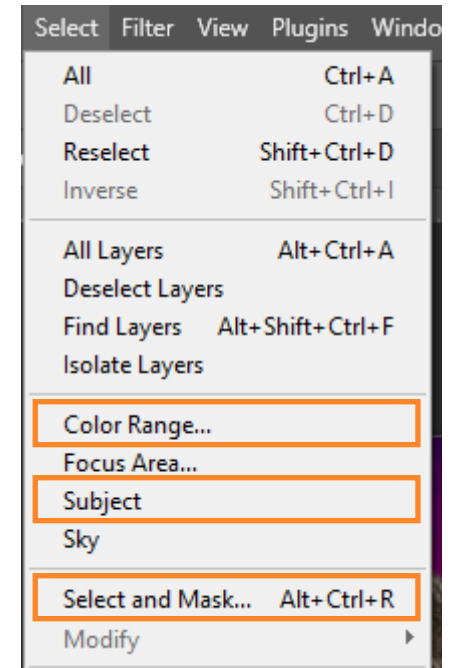
Workspace



Use „Essentials (Default) workspace to have your workspace arranged in a way we used it on practical classes

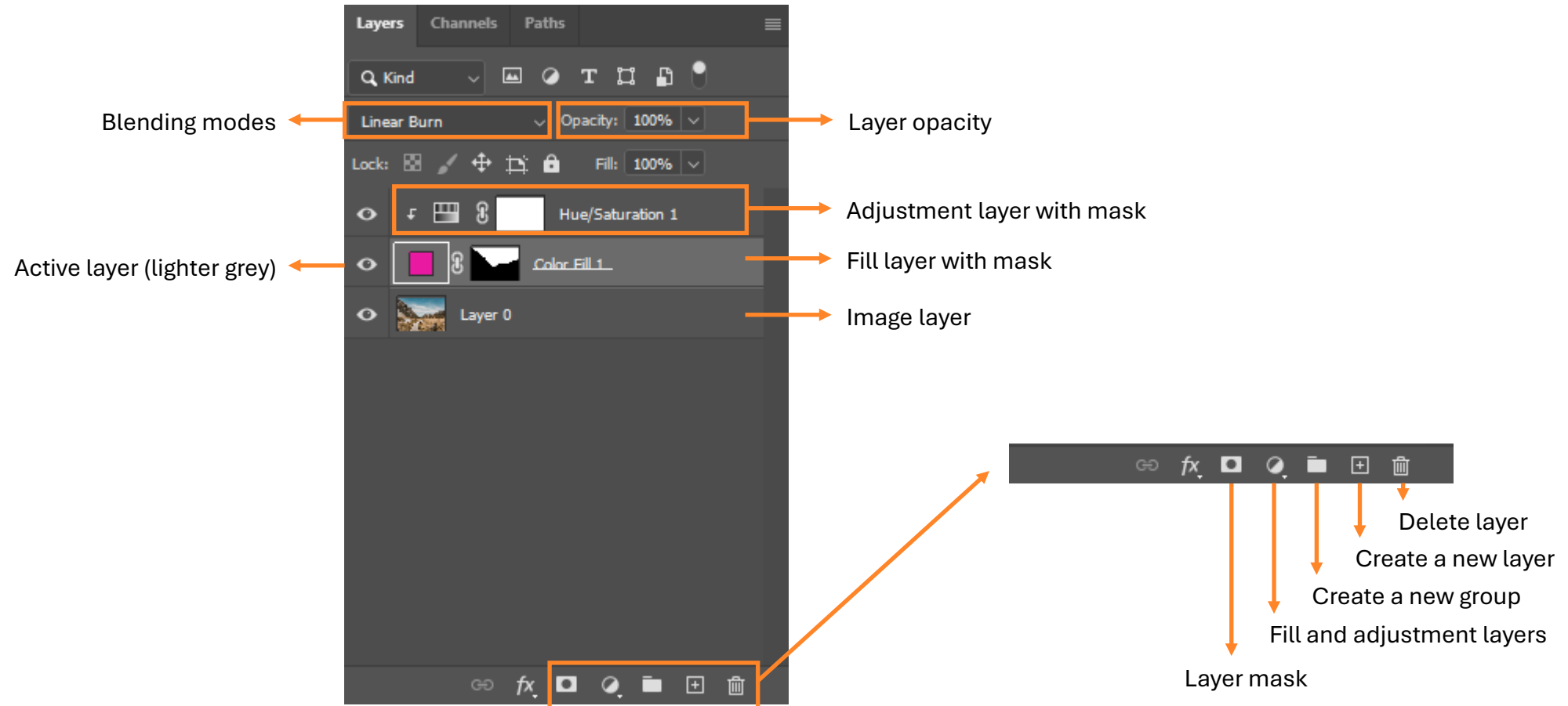
Selections

- Select Subject
- Object selection
- Quick selection tool
- Magic wand tool
- Lasso tools
- Select > Color range



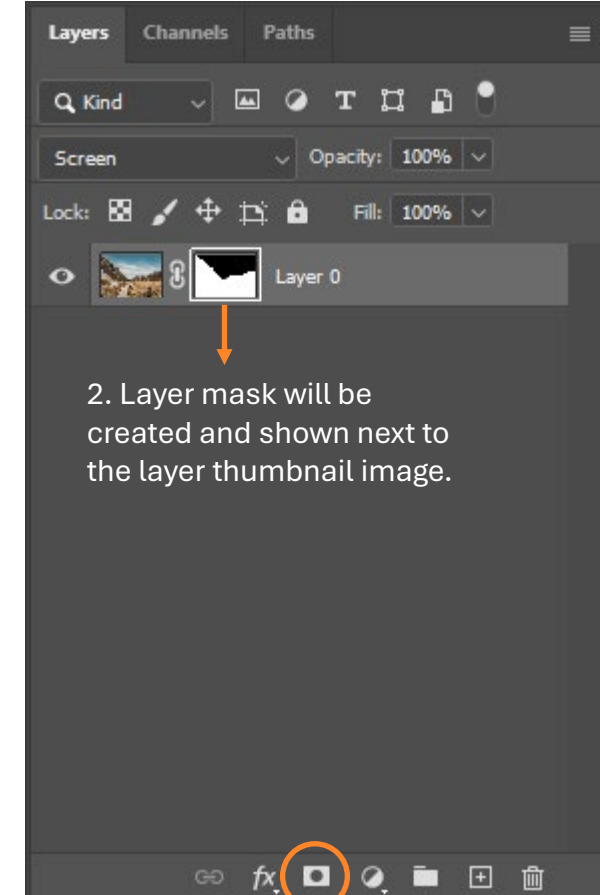
+ Use „Select and mask” for more refined selections

Layer panel



Layer masks

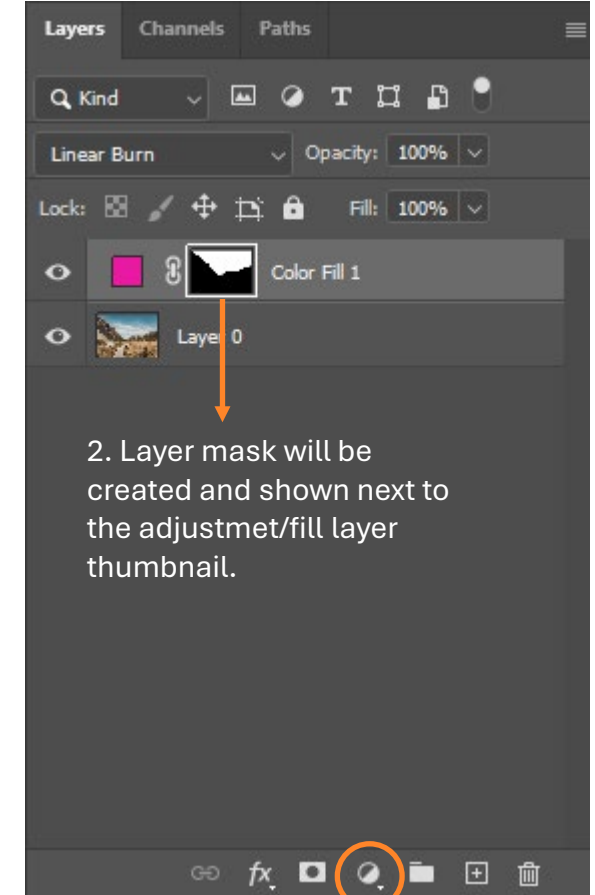
- To hide part of the images in a **non-destructive** way, use layer masks
- **To further edit the already created layer mask**, paint over the mask thumbnail with black brush (to hide parts) and white brush (to reveal parts) - make sure the mask part of the layer in the layer panel is selected (has a white frame around it)
- **Ctrl + click on current mask** will repeat selection that was made to create the mask



1. When selection is created, use „layer mask” option to hide rest of the image

Adjustment and fill layers

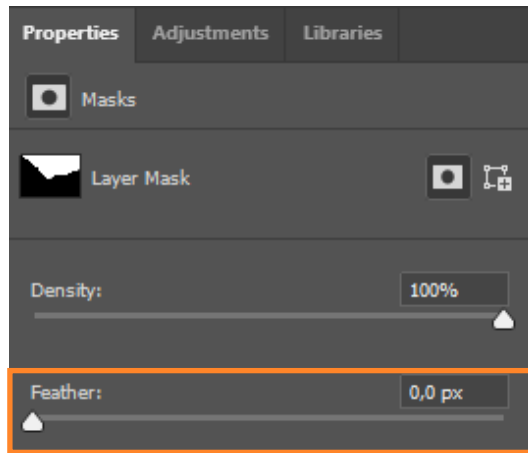
- Applying non-destructive edits on your images by creating a new adjustment or fill layer on top of the layer with the image
- If you want to apply adj/fill layer on just part of the image, create a selection prior to applying



2. Layer mask will be created and shown next to the adjustmet/fill layer thumbnail.

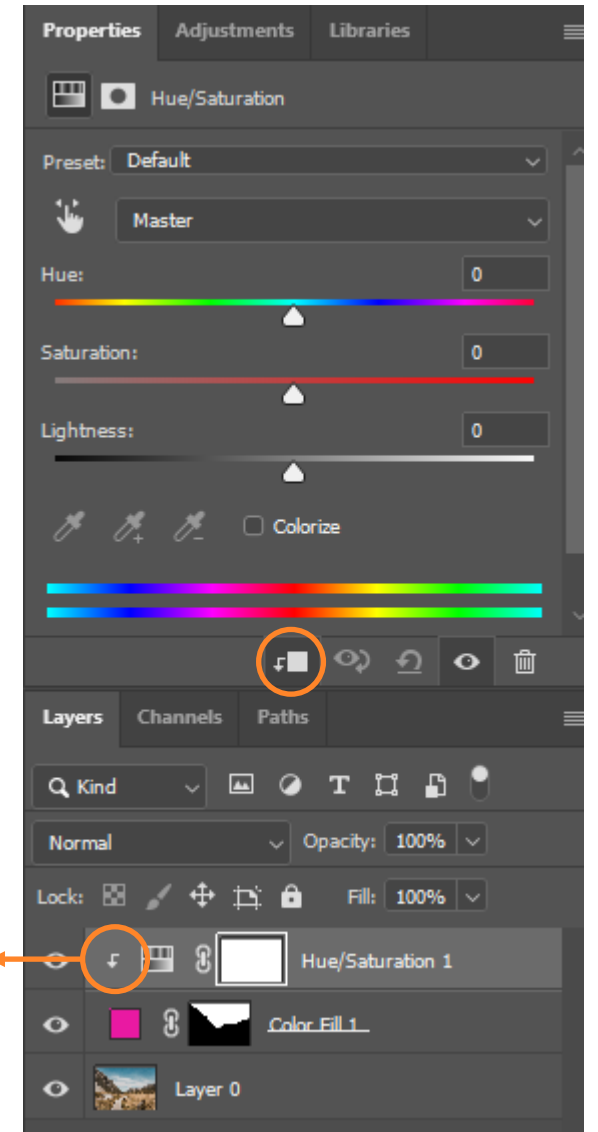
1. When selection is created, adjustment/fill layer will be applied only on that part of the image

In properties panel, use feather to soften edges of the mask



Clip adjustment to one layer, or to all layers below

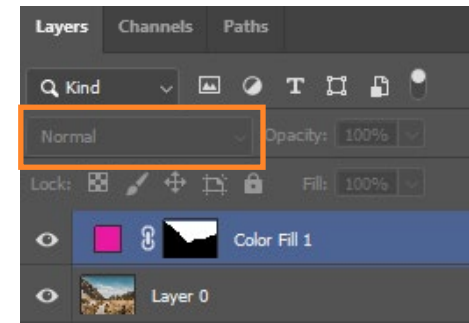
When clipped to single layer, an arrow appears in front of that layer



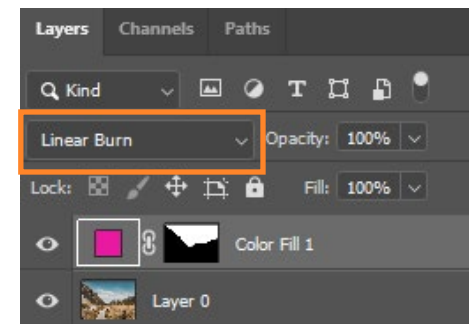
Blending modes

- A Blending Mode tells two layers how to work together to create a combined image
- Photoshop will check any overlapping pixels between those two layers and then, depending on the blending mode you've chosen, decide how those pixels will blend

Fill layer **without** blending mode



Fill layer **with** blending mode



Portrait retouching – skin smoothing layer

1. Duplicate the layer with the portrait, and rename it (ctrl + J)
2. Invert layer (ctrl + I)
3. Use blending mode „Vivid light”
4. Apply High pass filter (Filter > Other > High Pass)
5. Apply blur filter (Filter > Blur > Gaussian blur)
6. Apply a black layer mask (alt + layer mask), so the mask hides the whole layer. Reveal parts of the smooth skin layer that you previously created with a white brush on the layer mask (use soft edges, different sizes and lower opacity)

Retouching tools

To fix leftover spots on the skin:

1. Create a new empty layer on top of the original portrait layer and skin smoothing layer, and rename it
2. Activate the „Spot healing brush” or „Healing brush” tool, and check the box in the control panel next to the „Sample All Layers” option
3. Activate the „Clone stamp” tool, and in the control panel, under the sample menu, choose „All layers”

Shortcuts

- Ctrl + z – undo
- Ctrl + d – deselect
- Ctrl + j – duplicate layer
- Ctrl + i – invert
- Alt (holding) + scroll – quick zoom in/out
- Alt (holding) + right mouse key (holding) – brush size and edges
 - moving mouse left/right – brush size
 - moving mouse up/down – hardness of the brush edges



**Thank you for
your attention!**