

# ADMINISTRACIJA OPERACIJSKIH SUSTAVA

IPAM on Windows  
Server



# Lesson 1: Overview of IPAM

- What is IPAM?
- IPAM architecture
- IPAM deployment requirements
- Considerations for IPAM deployment
- Integrating IPAM with Virtual Machine Manager

# What is IPAM?

IPAM consists of four modules that provide the following functionality:

- IPAM discovery
- IP address space management
- Multiserver management and monitoring
- Operational auditing and IP address tracking

# IPAM architecture

IPAM consists of two main components:

- IPAM server
- IPAM client

When deploying IPAM, you can select from three topologies:

- Distributed
- Centralized
- Hybrid

# IPAM deployment requirements

To ensure a successful IPAM implementation, an organization's network infrastructure must meet the following prerequisites:

- The IPAM server must be a domain member
- The IPAM server should be a single-purpose server
- To manage the IPv6 address space, enable IPv6 on the IPAM server
- Sign in to the IPAM server with a domain account
- Belong to the correct IPAM local security group on the IPAM server
- Enable logging of account sign-in events for IPAM's IP address tracking and auditing feature
- Meet software and hardware requirements

# Considerations for IPAM deployment

When designing an IPAM deployment, consider the following factors:

- You can manage multiple AD DS forests if the required trusts exist between those forests
- IPAM servers do not communicate with one another
- You can define the scope of discovery to a subset of domains in the forest
- A single IPAM server can support many DHCP servers and DNS zones
- IPAM stores three years of forensics data
- IPAM supports WID or SQL Server databases
- IP address utilization trends are provided only for IPv4
- IP address reclamation support is provided only for IPv4
- IPAM does not check for IP address consistency with routers and switches

# Lesson 2: Deploying IPAM

- Process of implementing IPAM
- Demonstration: Installing and provisioning the IPAM role
- IPAM administration
- Demonstration: Administering IPAM
- Configuring IPAM options
- How to manage DNS by using IPAM
- Demonstration: Managing DNS with IPAM
- How to configure DHCP servers by using IPAM
- Demonstration: Managing DHCP scopes with IPAM

# Process of implementing IPAM

Perform the following steps to implement IPAM:

1. Install the IPAM Server feature
2. Provision IPAM servers
3. Configure and run server discovery
4. Choose and manage discovered servers



# Demonstration: Installing and provisioning the IPAM role

In this demonstration, you will learn how to:

- Install IPAM
- Provision IPAM

# IPAM administration

- You implement role-based management in IPAM by using:
  - Role-based security groups
  - Access scopes
  - Access policies
- IPAM includes several built-in roles
- You can also create and configure custom roles

# IPAM administration

IPAM has several built-in role-based security groups that you can use for managing your IPAM infrastructure:

- IPAM DNS Administrator
- IPAM MSM Administrator
- IPAM ASM Administrator
- IP Address Record Administrator
- IPAM Administrator
- IPAM DHCP Administrator
- IPAM DHCP Reservations Administrator
- IPAM DHCP Scope Administrator
- DNS Record Administrator

# Demonstration: Administering IPAM

In this demonstration, you will learn how to:

- Add a custom role group
- Add a custom scope
- Add an IPAM access policy
- Set the access scope

# Configuring IPAM options

- You can configure IPAM by using the following GPOs:
  - <Prefix>\_DHCP
  - <Prefix>\_DNS
  - <Prefix>\_DC\_NPS
- To finalize the IPAM configuration, run the **Invoke-IpamGpoProvisioning** cmdlet

# How to manage DNS by using IPAM

You can perform the following DNS management tasks in IPAM:

- View DNS servers and zones
- Create new zones
- Open the **DNS** console for any server that IPAM manages
- Create DNS records
- Manage conditional forwarders

# Demonstration: Managing DNS with IPAM

In this demonstration, you will learn how to:

- Add a conditional forwarder
- Create a DNS zone
- Add a DNS record

# How to configure DHCP servers by using IPAM

- You can perform all DHCP configuration tasks for a DHCP server in the IPAM administration interface
- You configure DHCP servers and scopes



# Demonstration: Managing DHCP scopes with IPAM

- In this demonstration, you will learn how to add a DHCP scope

# Lesson 3: Managing IP address spaces by using IPAM

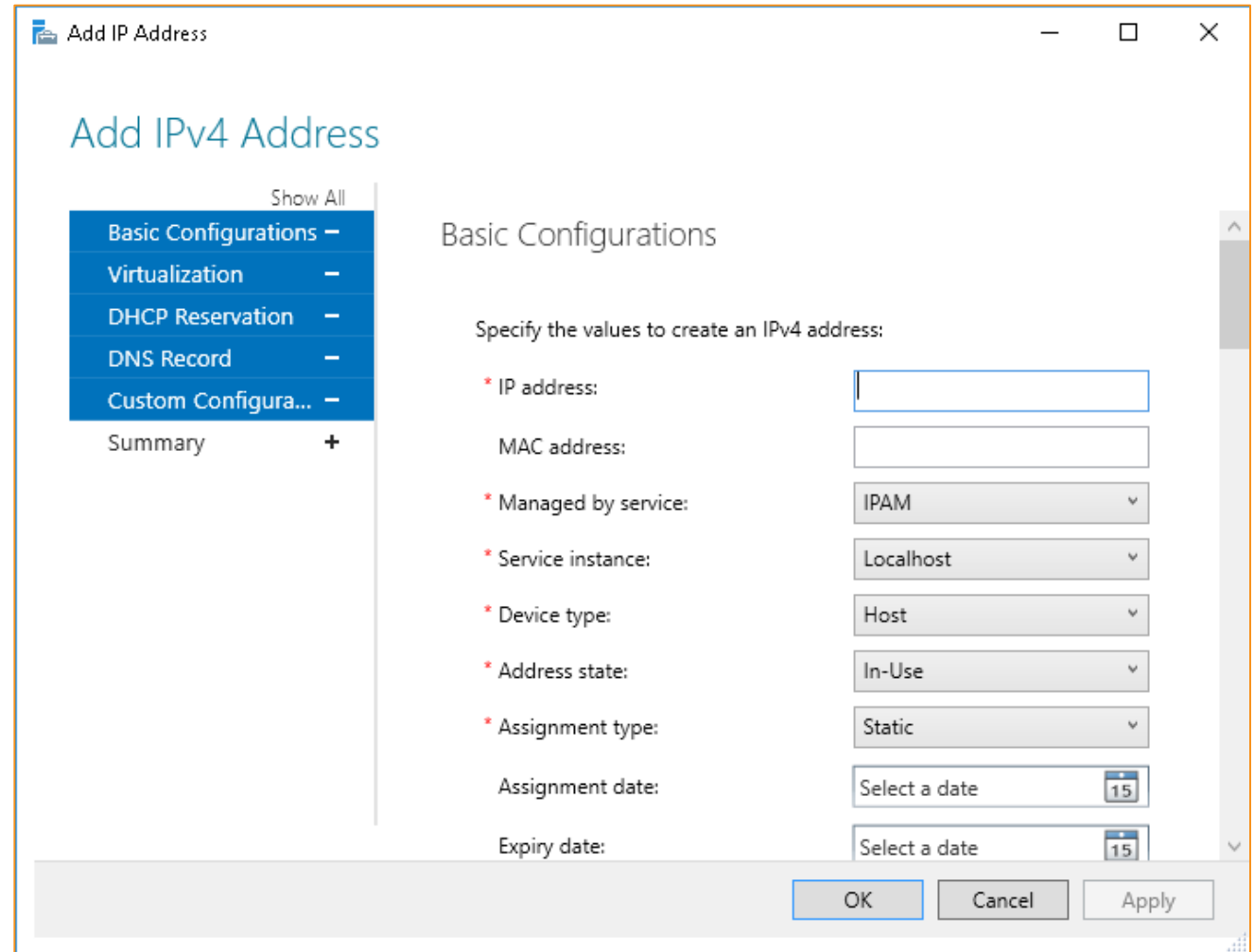
- Using IPAM to manage IP addressing
- Adding address spaces to IPAM
- Importing and updating address spaces
- Finding, allocating, and reclaiming IP addresses
- Maintaining IP address inventory in IPAM
- Demonstration: Managing IP addressing with IPAM
- Monitoring and reporting in IPAM

# Using IPAM to manage IP addressing

- You can view and manage an IP address space by using the following views:
  - **IP address blocks**
  - **IP address ranges**
  - **IP addresses**
  - **IP address inventory**
  - **IP address range groups**
- You can monitor the IP address space by using the following views:
  - **DNS and DHCP servers**
  - **DHCP scopes**
  - **DNS zone monitoring**
  - **Server groups**

# Adding address spaces to IPAM

You can add address spaces to IPAM to provide comprehensive management of IP addressing



The screenshot shows the 'Add IP Address' dialog box in IPAM. The title bar reads 'Add IP Address'. The main heading is 'Add IPv4 Address'. On the left, there is a navigation pane with a 'Show All' link and several menu items: 'Basic Configurations -', 'Virtualization -', 'DHCP Reservation -', 'DNS Record -', 'Custom Configura... -', and 'Summary +'. The 'Basic Configurations' section is expanded, showing the following fields:

- Specify the values to create an IPv4 address:
- \* IP address:
- MAC address:
- \* Managed by service:
- \* Service instance:
- \* Device type:
- \* Address state:
- \* Assignment type:
- Assignment date:
- Expiry date:

At the bottom right, there are three buttons: 'OK', 'Cancel', and 'Apply'.

# Importing and updating address spaces

- You can import the following into IPAM by using CSV files:
  - IP addresses
  - IP address ranges
  - IP address blocks
- The mandatory fields for importing are:
  - **IP addresses.** IP address, managed by service, service instance, device type, IP address state, and assignment type
  - **IP address range.** Network, start IP address, end IP address, managed by service, service instance, and assignment type
  - **IP address block.** Network, start IP address, end IP address, and RIR

# Finding, allocating, and reclaiming IP addresses

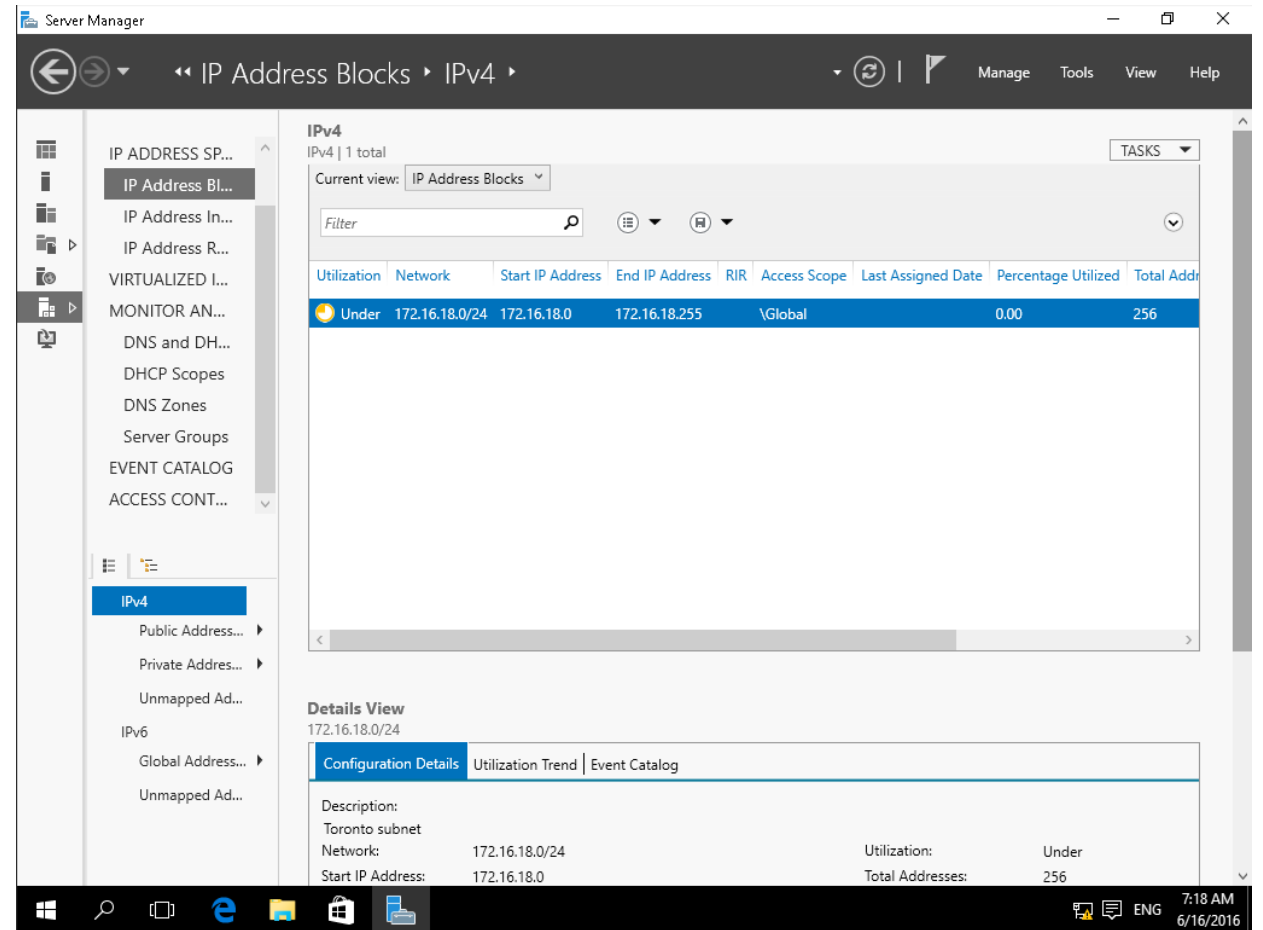
You can use IPAM to find, allocate, and reclaim an IP address if:

- The IP address does not exist in IPAM
- The IP address is not reserved in the range
- The IP address is not excluded from the range
- The IP address does not respond to a ping request
- A DNS pointer (PTR) resource is not found for the IP address

# Maintaining IP address inventory in IPAM

You can use the following IPAM pages to assess and maintain IP address inventory:

- **IP Address Blocks** (with the **IP Addresses** view)
- **IP Address Inventory**



The screenshot displays the Server Manager interface for IP Address Blocks. The main view shows a table of IP address blocks with the following columns: Utilization, Network, Start IP Address, End IP Address, RIR, Access Scope, Last Assigned Date, Percentage Utilized, and Total Address. A single row is visible, representing the 'Toronto subnet'.

Utilization	Network	Start IP Address	End IP Address	RIR	Access Scope	Last Assigned Date	Percentage Utilized	Total Address
Under	172.16.18.0/24	172.16.18.0	172.16.18.255	\Global			0.00	256

The details view for the selected block (172.16.18.0/24) shows the following information:

- Description: Toronto subnet
- Network: 172.16.18.0/24
- Start IP Address: 172.16.18.0
- Utilization: Under
- Total Addresses: 256

# Demonstration: Managing IP addressing with IPAM (*optional*)

In this demonstration, you will learn how to:

- Add an address block in IPAM
- Create an IP address reservation



# Monitoring and reporting in IPAM

With IPAM, you can:

- Monitor IP address space utilization
- Monitor DNS and DHCP health
- Configure many DHCP properties and values from the **IPAM** console
- Use the event catalog to view a centralized repository for all configuration changes

**Hvala na pažnji!**

